Architecture and Performance of Runtime Environments for Data Intensive Scalable Computing



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Iterative MapReduce- Kmeans Clustering and Matrix Multiplication



Iterative MapReduce algorithm for Matrix Multiplication



Kmeans Clustering implemented as an iterative MapReduce application



- - **Compute intensive** application O(n^3)
 - **Higher data transfer** requirements O(n^2)
 - **CGL-MapReduce** shows minimal overheads next to **MPI**

Overhead of parallel runtimes – Kmeans Clustering



- O(n) calculations in each iteration
- Small data transfer requirements O(1)
- With large data sets, **CGL-MapReduce** shows negligible overheads
- **Extremely higher** overheads in Hadoop and Dryad

High Performance Parallel Computing on Cloud

- Performance of MPI on virtualized resources
 - Evaluated using a dedicated private cloud infrastructure
 - Exactly the same hardware and software configurations in bare-metal and virtual nodes
 - Applications with different communication: computation ratios
 - Different virtual machine(VM) allocation strategies {1-VM per node to 8-VMs per node}



- **O(n^2) communication** (n = dimension of a matrix)
- More susceptible to bandwidth than latency
- Minimal overheads under virtualized resources

Overhead under different VM configurations for



- More susceptible to latency
- **Higher overheads under virtualized** resources

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