



FutureGrid 101

Part 2: Getting Started
Craig Stewart



Paper Submission Deadline:

August 20th, 2010

2nd IEEE International Conference on Cloud Computing Technology and Science



Resources ▼ Get Involved ▼ Submission Committee Info ▼ Attending ▼ About ▼

Welcome to CloudCom2010!

Downloadable CFP version





IEEE CloudCom 2010 - New paper submission deadline, workshops and keynotes. Registration now open!

Submit a paper, poster, demo or exhibit and join top researchers in the field of grid and cloud computing November 30-December 3, 2010 for the 2nd IEEE International Conference on Cloud Computing Technology and Science. The conference is hosted by Pervasive Technology Institute at Indiana University and will be held at the University Place Conference Center and Hotel on the campus of IUPUI in downtown Indianapolis, Indiana, USA.

CloudCom will consist of research presentations and instructional hands-on activites. The research section includes our main conferences, workshops, and a "Cloud Research Issues" panel; the instructional section has tutorials and an "Adopting Clouds (Are Clouds for Me?)" Panel to find out if Cloud Computing is right for your situation. All Keynotes, "Cloud Standards", Panel materials, and Posters/Demos are shared to attendees. All these events are sure to be informative for you and your projects. Be sure to check out some of the planned exhibitions here.

Registration is now open! Register before October 1 to receive early registration discount.

Important Dates

Submission Deadline Author Notification Camera-ready Manuscript Author Registration Poster/Demo/Exhibition Proposals Due Poster/Demo/Exhibition Notification of Acceptance

August 20, 2010 September 15, 2010 October 1, 2010 October 1, 2010 September 15, 2010 September 22, 2010

Keynote Speakers

Ian T. Foster, Director, CI, Distinguished Fellow, Argonne National Laboratory, IL, USA

Dennis Gannon, Director of Applications for the Cloud Computing, Microsoft Research, WA, USA

Kai Hwang, Professor, IEEE Fellow, Director, Internet and Grid Comp. Lab., USC, USA

Tutorials

MapReduce/Hadoop Sponsored by Yahoo

Cloud Computing with Windows Azure Sponsored by Microsoft

Academic Tutorials

Workshops

CPSRT 2010 Cloud Computing, HCI, & Design: Sustainability and Social Impacts MAPRED'2010 CLOUDit'10

Plenary Panels

Cloud Standards Adopting Cloud Cloud Research Issues



Futuregrid.org



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WHAT IS FUTUREGRID?

Grid

The FutureGrid is an NSF-funded project which will provide an experimental platform that accommodates batch, grid and cloud computing, allowing researchers to attack a range of research questions associated with optimizing, integrating and scheduling the different service models.

VIRTUAL MACHINE SUPPORT

The FutureGrid(FG) test-bed will support virtual machine-based environments, as well as native operating systems for experiments aimed at minimizing overhead and maximizing performance. The project partners will integrate existing open-source software packages to create an easy-to-use software environment that supports the instantiation, execution and recording of grid and cloud computing experiments.

EXPERIMENT MANAGEMENT

The FutureGrid (FG) test-bed will make it possible for researchers to conduct experiments by submitting an experiment plan that is then executed via a sophisticated workflow engine, preserving the provenance and state information necessary to allow reproducibility.

CLOUD TEST-BED

FutureGrid(FG) will provide a significant new experimental computing grid and cloud computing test-bed to the research community, together with user support for third-party researchers conducting experiments on FutureGrid. The FutureGrid (FG) test-bed includes a geographically distributed set of heterogeneous computing systems, a data management system that will hold both metadata and a growing library of software images, and a dedicated network allowing isolatable, secure experiments.

IEEE CloudCom 2010 - New paper submission deadline, work IEEE CloudCom 2010 - New paper submission deadline, workshops and keynotes submit a paper, poster, demo or exhibit and join top Read More TACC to participate in 'FutureGrid' project TACC Read More

NEWS / ANNOUNCEMENTS

EVENTS



Virtual Summer School in "Big Data for Science" is NCSA is organizing virtual summer schools this year http://www.vscse.org/ including Big

Read Mor



Apply for "Broadening Participation" Travel Grants

The TeraGrid '10 (TG'10) Conference invites faculty among under-represented communities to apply for Read More



We're still in 'early adopter' mode



- But we are very much interested in applications experiments, computational science experiments, and computer science experiments
- Some early examples:
 - Genome assembly
 - Industrial workflows
 - New middleware



If you remember one thing from this talk



- For help with FutureGrid:
 - 1. Go to kb.indiana.edu and search for futuregrid + some other topic
 - If that does not give you the information you need to solve your problem send email to <u>help@futuregrid.org</u>
 - 3. Please note that KB is still a work in progress as of this time!



Applying for an account



FutureGrid has a \$10.1 M budget from the NSF; an additional match of \$5M from IU; and more match beyond that from participating partners. Applying for use of FutureGrid is a bit like applying for a grant from the NSF. Less complicated, but it's a nontrivial resource and we as project organizers are doing our best to be responsible stewards of a valuable national resource.



Authentication



- At present authentication is handled via ssh keys
- If you already have a public ssh key you can upload it as part of application process



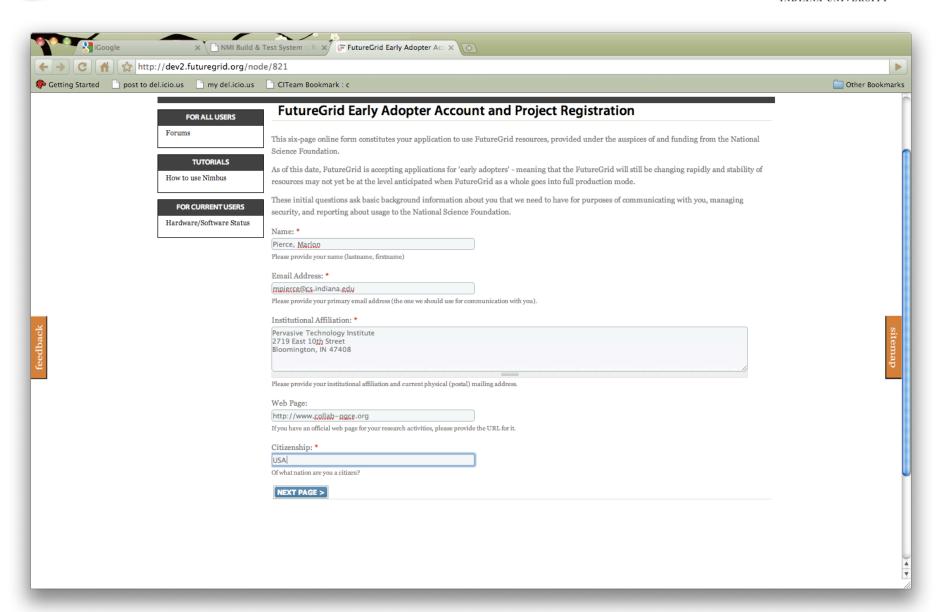
Making ssh keys



- mkdir ~/.ssh
- chmod 700 ~/.ssh
- ssh-keygen -q -f ~/.ssh/id_rsa -t rsa
 - Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
 - Enter same passphrase again:
- chmod go-w ~/
- chmod 700 ~/.ssh
- chmod go-rwx ~/.ssh/*
- Your public ssh keys will be in id_rsa.pub









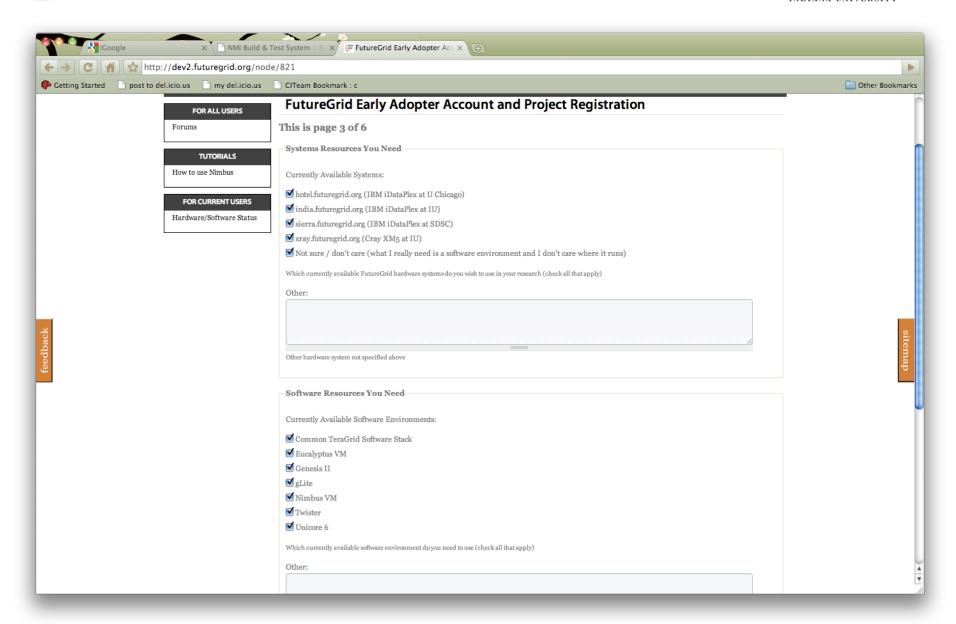


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× NMI Build & Test System :: R□× FutureGrid Early Adopter Acc × C http://dev2.futuregrid.org/node/821 Programme Getting Started post to del.icio.us my del.icio.us CITeam Bookmark : c Other Bookmarks @ Contact FG Apply for Account Access Portal *Future* Forums Grid ? Help & Support Prospective Users Training, Education & Outreach Current Users **↑** About **FutureGrid Early Adopter Account and Project Registration** FOR ALL USERS This is page 2 of 6 Project Orientation: * **TUTORIALS** Research How to use Nimbus Training, Education, and Outreach FOR CURRENT USERS Please select the orientation of your project (you may select more than one). Hardware/Software Status Primary Discipline: Please identify your primary discipline (as defined by the NSF list of disciplines) Primary Subdiscipline: Distributed computing Please identify your primary subdiscipline as defined by the NSF. < PREVIOUS PAGE | NEXT PAGE >

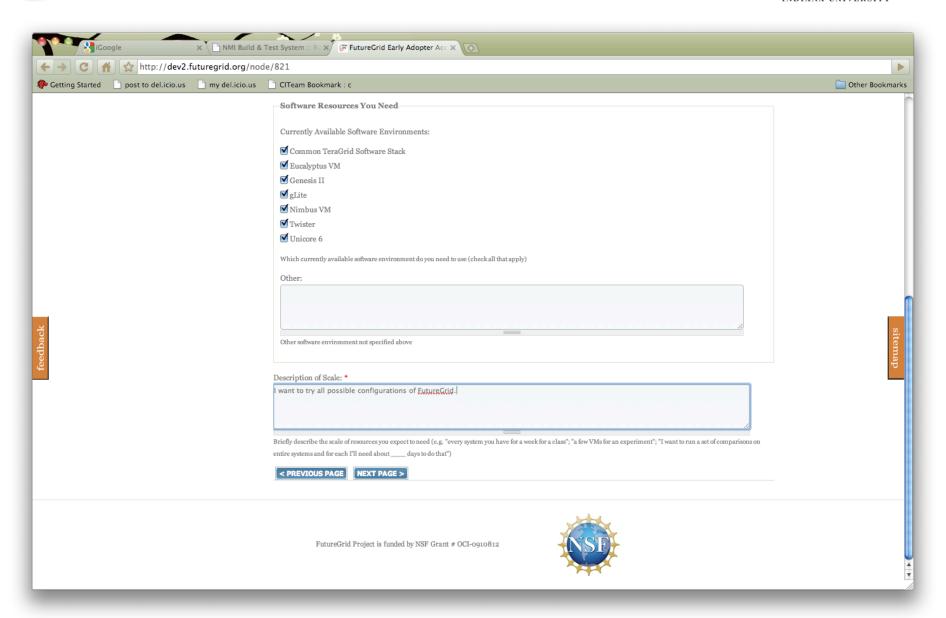






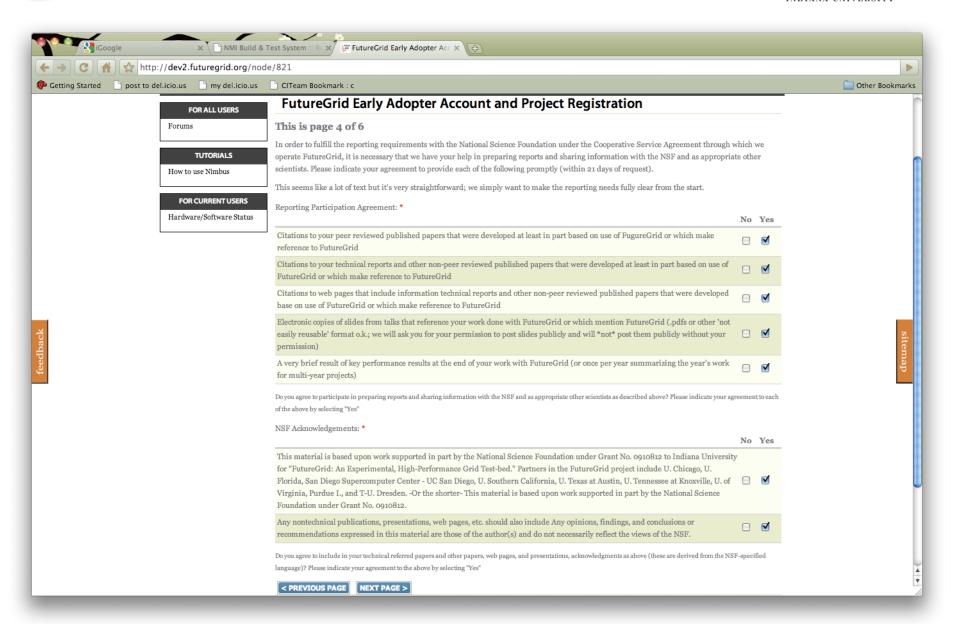














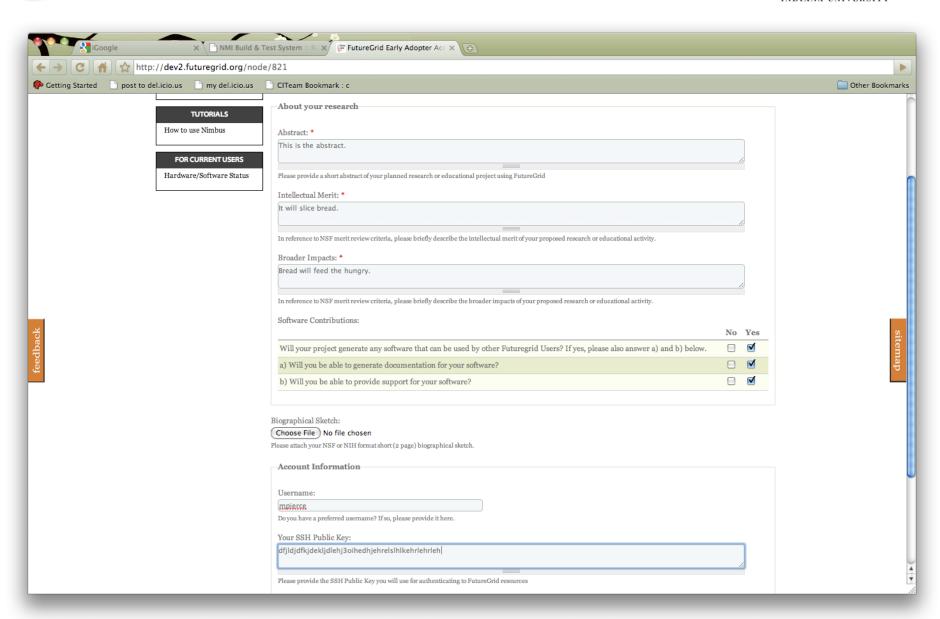


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× NMI Build & Test System :: ROX FutureGrid Early Adopter Acc X ttp://dev2.futuregrid.org/node/821 post to del.icio.us my del.icio.us Other Bookmarks @ Contact FG Apply for Account Access Portal Future | Grid Forums ? Help & Support Training, Education & Outreach Prospective Users Current Users About **FutureGrid Early Adopter Account and Project Registration** FOR ALL USERS Forums This is page 5 of 6 After you complete your application, you will receive an email message asking you to sign and return the TeraGfrid standard User Responsibility **TUTORIALS** Form. A copy of the text of this form is included below: How to use Nimbus FutureGrid User Responsibility Form Based on TeraGrid User Responsibility Form Last updated 8/06/09 (v2.2.2), modified specifically for FutureGrid by changing contact information FOR CURRENT USERS as appropriate for interacting with FutureGrid. Hardware/Software Status Introduction All TeraGrid resource provider (RP) sites have legal and other obligations to protect shared resources as well as the intellectual property of users, including the FutureGrid project. Users share this responsibility by observing the rules of acceptable use that are outlined in this document. TeraGrid resources include hardware, software, network connections, and storage. Each resource is finite and shared by the entire research community. Responsible conduct on the part of each user is essential to ensure equitable and secure access for all. Failure to use TeraGrid resources properly may result in the penalties outlined in section 5, including those imposed by TeraGrid, civil, and/or criminal penalties. Each time an application for TeraGrid resources is submitted, the Acceptance Statement, or last page of this form, must be received by the TeraGrid Allocations Department within 30 days. If it is received in time, the account will be enabled or continued—if not, it will be deactivated. Your signature serves as acknowledgment that you have read and understand your responsibilities as a user. The Acceptance Statement should be sent via email, fax, or US mail to the the Pervasive Technology Institute, 2719 E 10th Street, Bloomington IN 47408 ATTN: FutureGrid project. If you have questions, please write to help@futuregrid.org. 1.0: Account, Password, and Certificate Management FutureGrid will provide you with the accounts necessary to access allocated systems. An account is assigned for one user only and must not be shared with others-including students and/or collaborators. For community accounts, see section 1.2 below. Passwords and certificates are the keys to your account. Never share a password out loud, or write it down where it could be found and/or associated with your account. Never use tools which openly expose them on the network, such as telnet. Make sure that file and directory permissions prevent others from reading or copying the private key portion of certificates, which is the equivalent of a password. Do not store your password(s) in unencrypted files or even in encrypted files if possible. TeraGrid and FutureGrid support staff will never ask for your password, and will never send a password via e-mail, set them to a requested string, or perform any other activity which could reveal it to others. If a support person insists that you share your password, report it to the TeraGrid









Logging in



 Different sites are using different systems so login directions are included in your site's handouts!





FutureGrid 101

Part 3: Eucalyptus

Craig Stewart



Eucalyptus



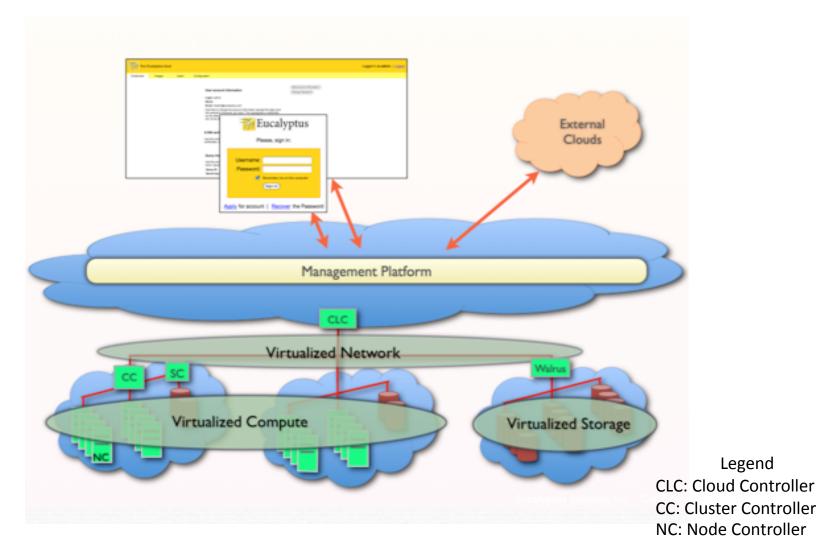
- Elastic Utility Computing Architecture Linking Your Programs To Useful Systems
 - Eucalyptus is an open-source software platform that implements IaaS-style cloud computing using the existing Linux-based infrastructure
 - IaaS Cloud Services providing atomic allocation for
 - Set of VMs
 - Set of Storage resources
 - Networking





Eucalyptus Architecture





Courtesy: Eucalyptus White Paper: Eucalyptus Open-Source Cloud Computing Infrastructure – An Overview, http://www.eucalyptus.com/pdf/whitepapers/Eucalyptus Overview.pdf



Open Source Eucalyptus



Eucalyptus Features

- Amazon AWS Interface Compatibility
- Web-based interface for cloud configuration and credential management.
- Flexible Clustering and Availability Zones.
- Network Management, Security Groups, Traffic Isolation
 - Elastic IPs, Group based firewalls etc.
- Cloud Semantics and Self-Service Capability
 - Image registration and image attribute manipulation
- Bucket-Based Storage Abstraction (S3-Compatible)
- Block-Based Storage Abstraction (EBS-Compatible)
- Xen and KVM Hypervisor Support

Source: http://www.eucalyptus.com



Eucalyptus Testbed



- Eucalyptus is available to FutureGrid users on the India and Sierra clusters
- Users can use a maximum of 50 nodes on India and 21 on Sierra
 - Each node supports up to 8 small VMs
 - Different availability zones provide VMs with different compute and memory capacities

```
india 149.165.146.135
AVAILABILITYZONE
                     |- vm types | free / max | cpu | ram | disk
AVAILABILITYZONE
                     |- m1.small | 0400 / 0400 | 1 | 512
AVAILABILITYZONE
                     |-c1.medium 0400 / 0400 1 1024 7
AVAILABILITYZONE
                     |- m1.large | 0200 / 0200 | 2 6000 | 10
AVAILABILITYZONE
                     |- m1.xlarge | 0100 / 0100 | 2 | 12000 | 10
AVAILABILITYZONE
                     |-c1.xlarge 0050 / 0050 8 20000 10
AVAILABILITYZONE
                     sierra 198.202.120.90
AVAILABILITYZONE
AVAILABILITYZONE
                     |- vm types | free / max cpu ram disk
                     |- m1.small | 0160 / 0160 | 1 | 512
AVAILABILITYZONE
                     |-c1.medium 0160 / 0160 1 1024 7
AVAILABILITYZONE
                     |- m1.large | 0080 / 0080 | 2 6000 | 10
AVAILABILITYZONE
AVAILABILITYZONE
                     |- m1.xlarge | 0040 / 0040 | 2 | 12000 | 10
                     l-c1.xlarge 0020 / 0020 8 30000
AVAILABILITYZONE
```



Account Creation



- In order to be able to use Eucalyptus and obtain keys, users will need to request accounts at the Eucalyptus Web Interfaces:
 - https://eucalyptus.india.futuregrid.org:8443/
 - https://eucalyptus.sierra.futuregrid.org:8443/
- On the Login page click apply for account
- On the next page that pops up fill out the mandatory and optional sections of the form
- Once complete, click signup and the Eucalyptus administrator will be notified of the account request
- You will get an email once the account has been approved
- Click on the link provided in the email to confirm and complete the account creation process

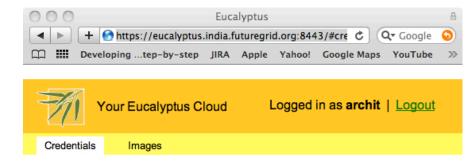


Obtaining Credentials



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- Download your credentials as a zip file from the web interface for use with euca2ools
- Save this file and extract it
- On the command prompt change to the euca2-{username}-x509 folder which was just created
 - cd euca2-username-x509
- Source the eucarc file using the command source eucarc
 - source ./eucarc



User account Information

Login: archit

Name: Archit Kulshrestha Email: akulshre@indiana.edu

Feel free to change the account information (except the login) and the password whenever you want. The cryptographic credentials for the Web services associated with this account, shown below, will not be affected by these changes.

Edit Account Information

Change Password

Credentials ZIP-file

Click the button to download a ZIP file with your Eucalyptus credentials. Use the public/private key pair included therein with tools that require X.509 certificates, such as Amazon's EC2 command-line tools.

Download Credentials

Query interface credentials

Use this pair of strings with tools - such as <u>euca2ools</u> - that utilize the "query interface" in which requests and parameters are encoded in the URL.

Query ID:

Secret Key:

Show keys



Install Euca2ools



- Euca2ools are the command line clients used to interact with Eucalyptus
- Install euca2ools bundle from <u>http://open.eucalyptus.com/downloads</u>
- Instructions for various Linux platforms are available on the download page



Euca2ools



- Testing your setup
 - Use euca-describe-availability-zones to test the setup

euca-describe-availability-zones

AVAILABILITYZONE india 149.165.146.135

 List the existing images using euca-describeimages

```
$ euca-describe-images
IMAGE emi-0B951139 centos53/centos.5-3.x86-64.img.manifest.xml admin
available public x86_64 machine
IMAGE emi-409D0D73 rhel55/rhel55.img.manifest.xml admin available
public x86_64 machine
```



Key management



Create a keypair and add the public key to eucalyptus

euca-add-keypair userkey > userkey.pem

Fix the permissions on the generated private key

chmod 0600 userkey.pem



Image Deployment



- Now we are ready to start a VM using one of the pre-existing images
- We need the emi-id of the image that we wish to start (listed in the output of euca-describeimages command that we saw earlier)
 - We use the euca-run-instances command to start the VM

euca-run-instances -k userkey -n 1 emi-0B951139 -t c1.medium
RESERVATION r-4E730969 archit archit-default
INSTANCE i-4FC40839 emi-0B951139 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 pending userkey
2010-07-20T20:35:47.015Z eki-78EF12D2 eri-5BB61255



Monitoring



 euca-describe-instances shows the status of the VMs

```
$ euca-describe-instances

RESERVATION r-4E730969 archit default

INSTANCE i-4FC40839 emi-0B951139 149.165.146.153 10.0.2.194

pending userkey 0 m1.small 2010-07-20T20:35:47.015Z

india eki-78EF12D2 eri-5BB61255
```

Shortly after...

```
$ euca-describe-instances

RESERVATION r-4E730969 archit default

INSTANCE i-4FC40839 emi-0B951139 149.165.146.153 10.0.2.194

running userkey 0 m1.small 2010-07-20T20:35:47.015Z

india eki-78EF12D2 eri-5BB61255
```



VM Access



 First we must create rules to allow access to the VM over ssh

```
euca-authorize -P tcp -p 22 -s 0.0.0.0/0 default
```

 The ssh private key that was generated earlier can now be used to log in to the VM

```
ssh -i userkey.pem root@149.165.146.153
```



Image Deployment (1/3)



- We will use the example Fedora 10 image to test uploading images
 - Download the gzipped tar ball

wget http://open.eucalyptus.com/sites/all/modules/pubdlcnt/pubdlcnt.php?file=http://www.eucalyptussoftware.com/downloads/eucalyptus-images/euca-fedora-10-x86_64.tar.gz&nid=1210

Uncompress and Untar the archive

tar zxf euca-fedora-10-x86_64.tar.gz



Image Deployment (2/3)



- Next we bundle the image with a kernel and a ramdisk using the euca-bundle-image command
 - We will use the xen kernel already registered
 - euca-describe-images returns the kernel and ramdisk IDs that we need

\$ euca-bundle-image -i euca-fedora-10-x86_64/fedora. 10.x86-64.img --kernel eki-78EF12D2 --ramdisk eri-5BB61255

 Use the generated manifest file to upload the image to Walrus

\$ euca-upload-bundle -b fedora-image-bucket -m /tmp/fedora. 10.x86-64.img.manifest.xml



Image Deployment (3/3)



Register the image with Eucalyptus

euca-register fedora-image-bucket/fedora.10.x86-64.img.manifest.xml

 This returns the image ID which can also be seen using euca-describe-images

\$ euca-describe-images

IMAGE emi-FFC3154F fedora-image-bucket/fedora.

10.x86-64.img.manifest.xml archit available public x86_64 machine eri-5BB61255 eki-78EF12D2

IMAGE emi-0B951139 centos53/centos.5-3.x86-64.img.manifest.xml admin available public x86_64 machine ...





FutureGrid 101

Part 4: More about software architecture

Gregor von Lasziewski



RAIN: Dynamic Provisioning



- Change underlying system to support current user demands at different levels
 - Linux, Windows, Xen, KVM, Nimbus, Eucalyptus, Hadoop, Dryad
 - Switching between Linux and Windows possible!
- Stateless (means no "controversial" state) images: Defined as any node that that does not store permanent state, or configuration changes, software updates, etc.
 - Shorter boot times
 - Pre-certified; easier to maintain
- Statefull installs: Defined as any node that has a mechanism to preserve its state, typically by means of a non-volatile disk drive
 - Windows
 - Linux with custom features
- Encourage use of services: e.g. MyCustomSQL as a service and not MyCustomSQL as part of installed image?
- Runs OUTSIDE virtualization so cloud neutral
- Use Moab to trigger changes and xCAT to manage installs



xCAT and Moab in detail



xCAT

- Uses Preboot execution Environment (PXE) to perform remote network installation from RAM or disk file systems
 - Creates stateless Linux images (today)
- Changes the boot configuration of the nodes
- We are intending in future to use remote power control and console to switch on or of the servers (IPMI)

Moab

- Meta-schedules over resource managers
 - Such as TORQUE(today) and Windows HPCS
- control nodes through xCAT
 - Changing the OS
 - Remote power control in future



Command line RAIN Interface



- fg-deploy-image
 - host name
 - image name
 - start time
 - end time
 - label name
- fg-add
 - label name
 - framework hadoop
 - version 1.0

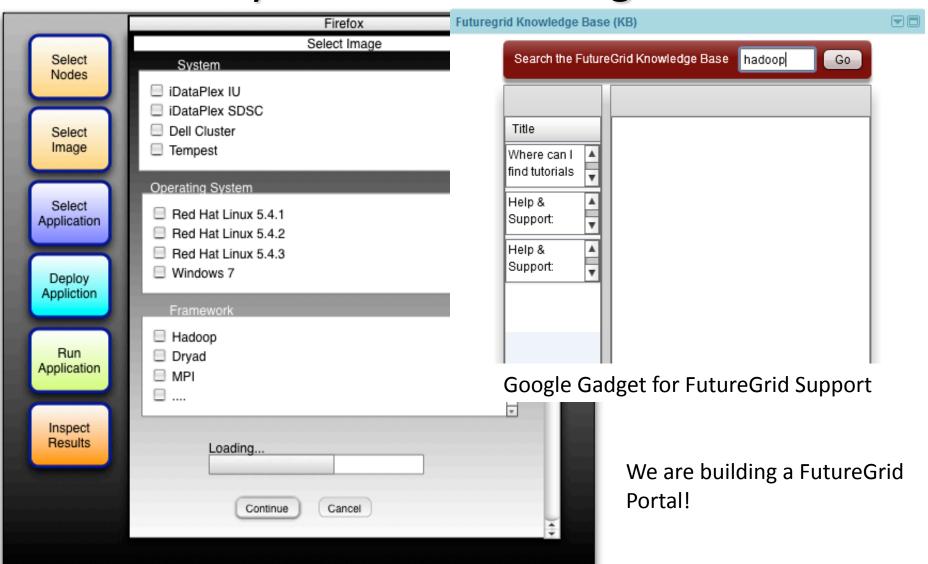
Deploys an image on a host

Adds a feature to a deployed image



Draft GUI for FutureGrid Dynamic Provisioning







Experiment Manager FutureGrid Software Component



Objective

- Manage the provisioning for reproducible experiments
- Coordinate workflow of experiments
- Share workflow and experiment images
- Minimize space through reuse

Risk

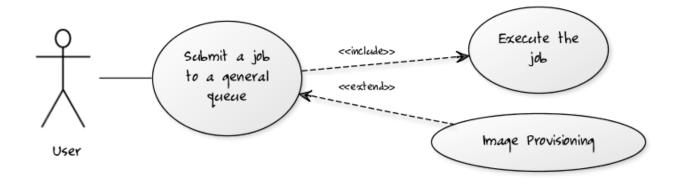
- Images are large
- Users have different requirements and need different images



Per Job Reprovisioning



- The user submits a job to a general queue
 - This job specifies a custom Image type attached to it
- The Image gets reprovisioned on the resources
- The job gets executed within that image
- After job is done the Image is no longer needed
- Use case: Many different users with many different images



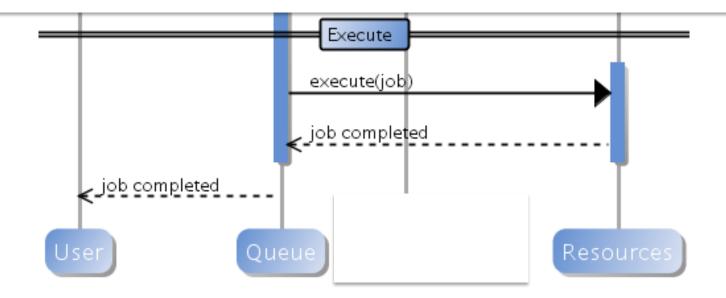








Normal approach to job submission





Reprovisioning based on prior state



- The user submits a job to a general queue
 - This job specifies an OS (re-used stateless image) type attached to it
- The queue evaluates the OS requirement
 - If an available node has OS already running, run the job there
 - If there are no OS types available, reprovision an available node and submit the job to the new node
- Repeat the provisioning steps if the job requires multiple processors (such as a large MPI job)
- Use case: reusing the same stateless image between usages







INDIANA UNIVERSITY Queue submit(job,image) Reprovision hasImage=check(image) [!hasImage]reprovision(image) Image provisioned Image provisioned Execute execute(job) job completed job completed Queue



Manage your own VO queue PERVASIVE TE INSTIT

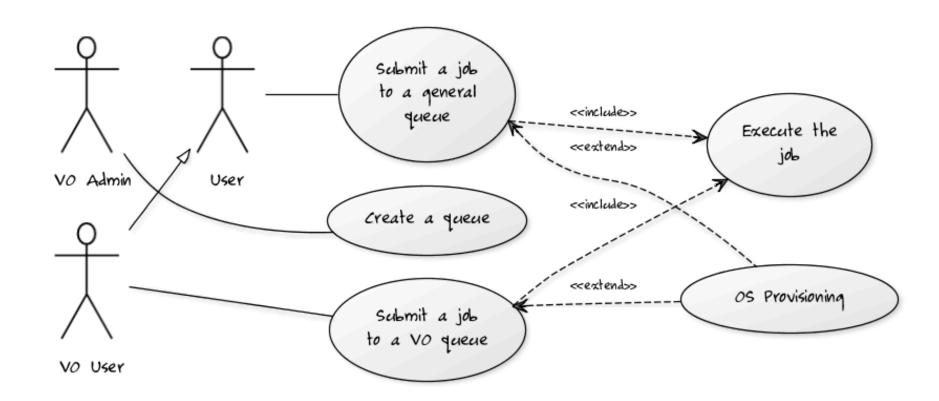


- This use case illustrates how a group of users or a Virtual Organization (VO) can handle their own queue to specifically tune their application environment to their specification
- A VO sets up a new queue, and provides an Operating System image that is associated to this image
 - Can aid in image creation through the use of advanced scripts and a configuration management tool
- A user within the VO submits a job to the VO queue
- The queue is evaluated, and determines if there are free resource nodes available
 - If there is an available node and the VO OS is running on it, then the job is scheduled there
 - If an un-provisioned node is available, the VO OS is provisioned and the job is then submitted to that node
 - If there are other idle nodes without jobs running, a node can be re-provisioned to the VO OS and the job is then submitted to that node
- Repeat the provisioning steps if multiple processors are required (such as an MPI job)
- Use case: Provide a service to the users of a VO
 - For example: submit a job that uses particular software
 - For example: provide a queue called Genesis or Hadoop for the associated user community
 - Provisioning is hidden from the users



VO Queue







Current Status of Dynamic Provisioning @ FutureGrid



- FutureGrid now supports the Dynamic Provisioning feature through MOAB
 - Submit a job with 'os1' requested, if there is a node running 'os1' and in idle status, the job will be scheduled
 - If there is no node running 'os1', a provisioning job will be started automatically and change an idle node's OS to the requested one
 - When it's done, the submitted job will be scheduled there
 - In our experiment we used 2 rhel5 OS and dynamically switched between, one stateless and one statefull
 - In our experiment
 - Reprovisioning costs were approximately 4-5 minutes for statefull and stateless
 - Used sierra.futuregrid.org iDataPlex at SDSC



Difficult Issues



- Performance of VMs poor with Infiniband: FutureGrid does not have resources to address such core VM issues – we can identify issues and report
- What about root access?
 - Typically administrators involved in preparation of images require root access
 - This is part of certification process
 - We will offer certified tools to prepare images
- What about attacks on Infiniband switch? We need to study this
- How does one certify statefull images?
 - All statefull images must have a certain default software included that auto-update the image, which is tested against a security service prior to staging
 - If an image is identified as having a security risk it is no longer allowed to be booted



FutureGrid CloudBench



- Maintain a set of comparative benchmarks for comparable operations on FutureGrid, Azure, Amazon (e.g. http://azurescope.cloudapp.net/ with Amazon and FutureGrid analogues)
- Need MapReduce as well



Downloadable CFP version







"Cloud" is a common metaphor for an Internet accessible infrastructure (e.g. data storage and computing hardware) which is hidden from users. Cloud Computing makes data truly mobile and a user can simply access a chosen cloud with any internet accessible device. In Cloud Computing, IT-related capabilities are provided as services, accessible without requiring detailed knowledge of the underlying technology. Thus, many mature technologies are used as components in Cloud Computing, but still there are many unresolved and open problems. This conference and workshop series, steered by the Cloud Computing Association, aims to bring together researchers who work on cloud computing and related technologies.

Submission Guidelines

Please submit your paper to the CloudCom 2010 submission server via an EasyChair account.

(* You are leaving the CloudCom and IU web sites and going to an independent company that is not affiliated with CloudCom or Indiana University.)

Keynote Speakers

Ian T. Foster, Director, CI, Distinguished Fellow, Argonne National Laboratory, IL, USA Dennis Gannon, Director of Applications for the Cloud Computing Futures Group, Microsoft Research, WA, USA Kai Hwang, Professor, IEEE Fellow, Director, Internet and Grid Comp. Lab., USC, USA (Abstract)

Tutorial

MapReduce/Hadoop Tutorial sponsored by Yahoo

Microsoft Azure Tutorial

Workshops

Call for Workshops: Proposals for workshops are welcome.

- International Workshop on Cloud Privacy, Security, Risk & Trust (CPSRT 2010)
- Cloud Computing , HCI, & Design: Sustainability and Social Impacts
- First International Workshop on Theory and Practice of MapReduce (MAPRED'2010)
- The 1st International Workshop on Cloud Computing and Quality Assurance (CLOUDit'10)



Acknowledgments



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- Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the NSF.